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**IN THE CLAIMS:**

- 1 1. (currently amended) A current mode transfer logic transmission line driver system  
2 comprising:  
3 a transmission line, defining at least a first and a second signal carrying conduc-  
4 tor, the transmission line defining a characteristic impedance,  
5 with the transfer logic in one logic state, means for selectively driving unequal  
6 logic signal currents through the first and the second signal carrying conductors, respec-  
7 tively, wherein the difference current, between the unequal logic signal currents, flows  
8 back to the means for selectively driving,  
9 a terminating resistor connected between the distal ends of the first and the second  
10 signal carrying conductors, wherein no common mode signals are introduced into or  
11 measured along the terminating resistor,  
12 means for receiving the logic signal currents at the distal end of each transmission  
13 line, wherein the received currents are unequal to each other, and  
14 means for sensing the unequal currents.
- 1 2. (previously presented) The current mode transfer logic transmission line driver sys-  
2 tem of claim 1 wherein the means for selectively driving unequal currents through the  
3 two transmission lines, comprises:  
4 a first current source selectably connected to the first signal carrying conductor,  
5 and  
6 a second current source selectably connected to the second signal carrying con-  
7 ductor of the first transmission line, the first and the second current sources of unequal  
8 magnitudes.
- 1 3. (previously presented) The current mode transfer logic transmission line driver sys-  
2 tem of claim 1 wherein the means for receiving currents at the distal end of each trans-  
3 mission line comprises:

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4 a first current receiving circuit connected between the distal end of the first  
5 transmission line and at least one return path conductor, and  
6 a second current receiving circuit connected between the distal end of the second  
7 transmission line and at least one return path conductor.

1 4. (previously presented) The current mode transfer logic transmission line driver sys-  
2 tem of claim 3 wherein the first and the second current receiving circuits comprises diode  
3 connected MOS transistors.

1 5. (previously presented) The current mode transfer logic transmission line driver sys-  
2 tem of claim 4 further comprising means for biasing each diode connected MOS transis-  
3 tor so that it presents a low impedance at the distal ends of the transmission lines, but  
4 wherein that low impedance is substantially higher than the line's characteristic imped-  
5 ance.

1 6. (previously presented) The current mode transfer logic line driver system of claim 1  
2 wherein the means for sensing the unequal currents comprises means for comparing the  
3 currents in a first receiving circuit to the current in a second receiving circuit.

1 7. (previously presented) The current mode transfer logic line driver system of claim 6  
2 wherein the means for comparing the currents in the first receiving circuit to the current  
3 in the second receiving circuit comprises:  
4 a differential current amplifying circuit that amplifies the difference in the currents in the  
5 first and the second receiving circuits.

1 8. (previously presented) The current mode transfer logic line driver system of claim 6  
2 wherein the differential current amplifying circuit comprises:  
3 a first amplifying current mirroring circuit providing an first output current,

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4 a second amplifying current mirroring circuit providing a second output current,  
5 and  
6 a current to voltage conversion circuit, arranged to receive the first and the second output  
7 currents and provides a voltage output that is proportional to the difference between the  
8 outputs of the first and the second amplifying current mirroring circuits.

1 9. (previously presented) The current mode transfer logic transmission line driver sys-  
2 tem of claim 1 wherein the transmission line comprises:

3 a first transmission line defining the first signal carrying conductor and a charac-  
4 teristic impedance with respect to at least one return path conductor,

5 a second transmission line defining the second signal carrying conductor and a  
6 characteristic impedance with respect to at least one return path conductor,

7 wherein the at least one return path conductor is connected to ground.

1 10. (currently amended) A method for transferring current mode logic signals over  
2 transmission lines comprising the steps of:

3 defining a transmission line with at least a first and a second signal carrying con-  
4 ductor,

5 defining a characteristic impedance with respect to the at least first and second  
6 signal carrying conductors,

7 with the logic signals in one logic state, selectively driving unequal logic signal  
8 currents from current sources through the two signal carrying conductors, respectively,  
9 returning the difference current between the unequal logic signal current back to  
10 the current sources.

11 providing a terminating resistor between the distal ends of the at least first and the  
12 second signal carrying conductors, wherein no common mode signals are introduced into  
13 or measured along the terminating resistor,

14 receiving the logic signal currents from the distal end of the transmission line,  
15 wherein the received currents are unequal to each other, and

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16 sensing the unequal currents.

1 11. (previously presented) The method for transferring current mode logic signals of  
2 claim 10 wherein the selectively driving unequal currents through the two signal carrying  
3 conductors, comprises the steps of:

4 selectably connecting a first current source to the first signal carrying conductor,  
5 and

6 selectively connecting a second current source to the second signal carrying con-  
7 ductor, wherein the first and the second current sources are of unequal magnitudes.

1 12. (previously presented) The method for transferring current mode logic signals of  
2 claim 10 wherein the receiving currents from the distal end of the transmission line com-  
3 prises the steps of:

4 receiving a first current from the distal end of the first signal carrying conductor,  
5 and

6 receiving a second current from the distal end of the second signal carrying con-  
7 ductor.

1 13. (previously presented) The method for transferring current mode logic signals of  
2 claim 12 wherein the first and the second currents are received by diode connected MOS  
3 transistors.

1 14. (previously presented) The method for transferring current mode logic signals of  
2 claim 13 further comprising the steps of biasing each diode connected MOS transistor so  
3 that it presents a low impedance at the distal ends of the transmission lines, but wherein  
4 that low impedance is substantially higher than the line's characteristic impedance.

1 15. (previously presented) The method for transferring current mode logic signals of  
2 claim 10 wherein the step of sensing the unequal currents comprises the step of compar-  
3 ing the current in a first receiving circuit to the current in a second receiving circuit.

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1 16. (previously presented) The method for transferring current mode logic signals of  
2 claim 15 wherein the step of comparing the currents in the first receiving circuit to the  
3 current in the second receiving circuit comprises the step of amplifying the difference in  
4 the currents in the first and the second receiving circuits.

1 17. (previously presented) The method for transferring current mode logic signals of  
2 claim 15 wherein the step of amplifying the difference comprises the steps of:  
3 first mirroring and amplifying the current in the first receiving circuit and provid-  
4 ing an first output current,  
5 second mirroring and amplifying the current in the first receiving circuit and pro-  
6 viding a second output current,  
7 receiving the first and the second output currents, and  
8 provides a voltage output that is proportional to the difference between the re-  
9 ceived first and the second output currents.

1 18. (previously presented) The method for transferring current mode logic signals of  
2 claim 10 wherein the step of defining a transmission line comprises the steps of:  
3 defining a first transmission line having the first signal carrying conductor and a  
4 characteristic impedance with respect to at least one return path conductor, and  
5 defining a second transmission line having the second signal carrying conductor  
6 and a characteristic impedance with respect to at least one return path conductor,  
7 wherein the at least one return path conductor is connected to ground.